

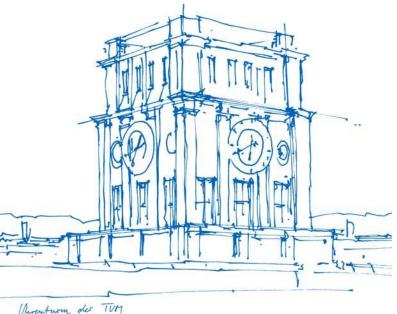
Braking vs. Flashing Lights – Utilizing a Ground Based LiDAR to Observe Urban Traffic

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Introduction

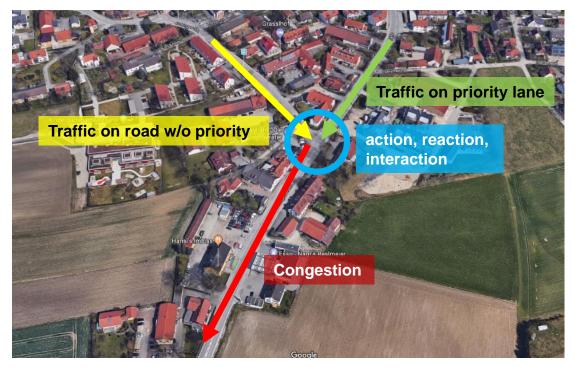
Assumption:

- > Automated Vehicles (AVs) will be introduced onto urban traffic (at some point)
- Even though there is a trend towards shared mobility, conventionally looking, personally owned cars with automation features (SAE3+) will exist
- Human road users have a learned expectation towards traffic there are humanlike elements in current traffic

Understanding current traffic is key for developing automated vehicles with human-like behavior



Braking vs. Flashing Lights





Braking vs. Flashing Lights

- V_green ~50 km/h
- Normally, yellow cars would turn, once intervehicle gaps become sufficient





Braking vs. Flashing Lights

- If a congestion builds up behind the intersection, the mean velocity on the main road gets lower and drivers start to cooperate
- Questions:
- What is the velocity threshold for drivers yielding their right of way?
- What effect does the headline flashing has on the merging process?





Observing Traffic

Understanding current traffic is key for developing automated vehicles with human-like behavior

But how?

- Drive around a lot
- Observe a lot of others driving around



Observing Traffic

"Traffic behavior" consists of:

> Personal perception and interpretation of individual traffic situations

Communication and interaction between road users

Kinematic movements of traffic participants





- Personal perception and interpretation of individual traffic situations
 - Questionnaires & Interviews
 - Field experiments (e.g. using eye tracking and/or think aloud methods)

Understanding subjective influences requires controlled experiments



(Portouli et al., 2019)



Communication and interaction between road users

Currently traffic participants use visual and auditory signals to communicate

- Questionnaires & Interviews (e.g. Merat et al. 2018)
- Manual Observations (e.g. Imbsweiler et al. 2017, Vollrath et al. 2016)
- Videos (e.g. Rasouli et al. 2017)



Kinematic movements of traffic participants

- Videos
- LiDAR



Software: Traffic Intelligence (Saunier et al. 2010)



Kinematic movements of traffic participants



Software: Traffic Intelligence (Saunier et al. 2010)



Observing Traffic – Ground Based LiDAR

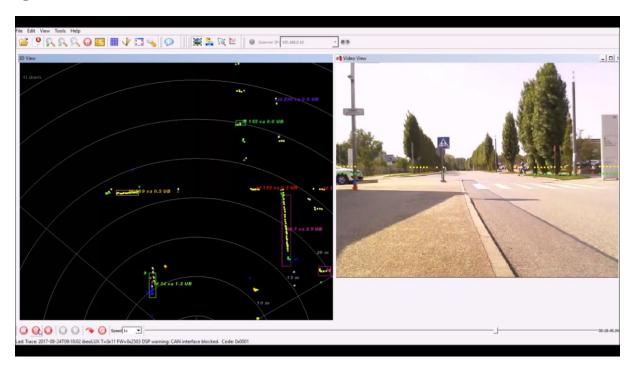


- **GNSS** Receiver
- Ibeo Lux Laser Scanner
- Laptop Power Bank
- **Raspberry Pi**
- WiFiAccess Point

Dietrich (2018)

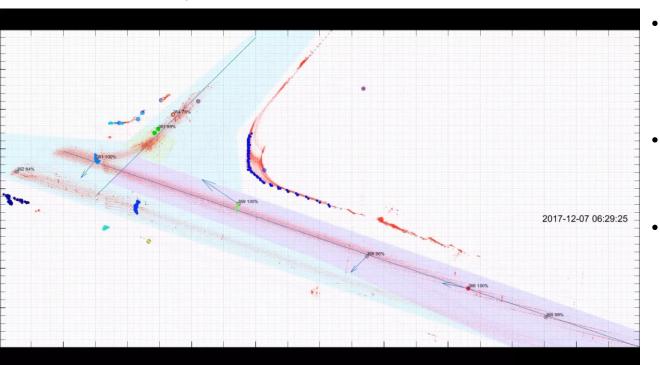


Observing Traffic – Ground Based LiDAR





Preliminary Results



- Roughly 20% of yielding vehicles flashed their headlights
- Congestion builds up and dissipates in waves
- Evaluating LiDAR data requires powerful algorithms due to obstructed view and

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Thank you



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